Date of issue: 2 Jun. 2020

Date of revision: 1 Jan. 2021

Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and company identification

Product name : AQUALYTE KF 1
Part No. : D312131-1

Name of manufacturer : HIRANUMA Co., Ltd.

Address : 1739 Motoyoshida, Mito, Ibaraki, 310-0836, JAPAN

Name of section : Quality assurance department

Telephone number : +81-29-247-7343Facsimile number : +81-29-240-0381Mail address : info-f@hiranuma.com

2. Summary of danger and Hazard

GHS classification

Physical and chemical hazard

Flammable liquids : Out of category

Pyrophoric liquids : Out of category

Human health hazard

Acute toxicity (oral)

: Out of category

Acute toxicity (dermal)

: Out of category

Acute toxicity (inhalation : vapors)

: Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation

: Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

: Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity

: Category 2

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure)

: Category 1, Category 2

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)

: Category 1, Category 2

No. DFFC0506 AQUALYTE KF 1

Environmental hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment-acute hazard

: Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment-chronic hazard

: Category 2

Pictogram or symbol









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statement

: Toxic if inhaled

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Causes serious eye damage

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Causes damage to organs (respiratory organs)
May cause damage to organs (nervous system)

Causes damage to organs (respiratory organs) through

prolonged or repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (thyroid gland) through prolonged

or repeated exposure

Toxic to aquatic life

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Cautions

Safety measurements

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust, mist, and vapor.

Use only in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear appropriate protective gloves, glasses, clothing, face shield, or mask.

Wash protective equipment thoroughly after use.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

First-aid measures : If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. Immediately get medical treatment.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth, do not induce vomiting. Immediately get medical treatment.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Get medical treatment.

If on skin: Remove contaminated clothing and the substance.

Immediately get medical treatment.

If exposed, get medical treatment.

Get medical treatment, if you feel unwell.

Collect leakage

Storage : Tightly container closed and store in a well-ventilated area.

Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and containers appropriately in accordance

with related regulations.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical name or commercial name

: Mixed solution contains below substances.

Ingredients and composition

: 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol 70-80%

Propylene glycol 3-8%

Imidazole 5-15%

Sulfur dioxide 5-15%

lodine 1-5%

Chemical formula : 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol HOCH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₃

Propylene glycol CH₃CH(OH)CH₂OH

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Imidazole} \quad C_3H_4N_2 \\ \text{Sulfur dioxide} \quad SO_2 \end{array}$

lodine l₂

CAS No. : 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol 111-90-0

Propylene glycol 57-55-6

lmidazole 288-32-4

Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5

lodine 7553-56-2

TSCA Inventory : 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol Registered

Propylene glycol Registered

Imidazole Registered

Sulfur dioxide Registered

lodine Registered

EINECS No. : 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol 2039197

Propylene glycol 2003380

Imidazole 2060192

Sulfur Dioxide 2311952

lodine 2314424

4. First aid measures

Inhalation : Remove the victim to fresh air, and make him blow his nose

and gargle.

Skin contact : Wash the affected areas under running water.

Eye contact : Wash the affected areas under running water for at least 15

minutes. If necessary, get medical treatment.

Ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Give the victim one or two glasses of

water or milk, do not induce vomiting. Get medical treatment as

soon as possible.

Protection for first aid person

: Savers wear proper protective equipment like rubber gloves,

goggles.

5. Fire fighting measures

Extinguishing media : Water, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, dry sand, foam

Prohibited extinguishing media

: None

Particular fire fighting

: Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk,

if not possible, apply water from a safe distance to cool and

protect surrounding area.

Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide or dry sand should be

used for small fires. Foam extinguisher is effective for a large $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

scale fire.

Protection for firefighters

: Wear breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures

Cautions for personnel

: Wear proper equipment and avoid contact with skin and inhalation of vapor. Keep personnel removed from and upwind of fire. Shut off all sources of ignition. Keep away personnel except for authorized ones from spillage area by stretching ropes.

Cautions for environment

: Attention should be given not to cause damage to the environment by flowing of spillage to rivers. In case of the dilution of copious water, do not cause damage to the environment by untreated wastewater.

Removal measure

: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., diatomaceous earth, sand) and flush residual area with copious amounts of water.

Prevention of second accident

Remove nearby sources of ignition and prepare extinguishing media.

7. Cautions of handling and storage

Handling

Engineering measures

: Wear proper equipment not to contact with skin or inhale the vapor. Fire is strictly prohibited.

Ventilate well at working places.

Cautions for safety handling

: Use with an enclosed system or a local exhaust ventilation.

Cautions

: Do not allow contact with oxidizing substances.

Storage

Adequate storage condition

: Store in a dark, cool place and tightly closed.

Safety adequate container materials

: Glass, fluorine resin, stainless steel

Do not use polyvinyl chloride resin, polystyrene.

8. Exposure control/Personal protection

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation and in closed systems.

Control parameters

ACGIH(2015) : 0.01ppm(as lodine)(TLV-TWA)

0.1ppm(Upper limit)(as lodine)(TLV-STEL) 0.25ppm(as Sulfur dioxide)(TLV-STEL)

Protective equipment

Respiration protective equipment

: If necessary, wear chemical cartridge respirator with an

organic vapor cartage

Hands protective equipment

: Impervious protective gloves

Eyes protective equipment

: Safety goggles

Skin and body protective equipment

: Protective clothing, protective boots

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquid

Color : Dark brown Odor : Acrid odor : Not available Boiling point Melting point : Not available

: 111 °C Flash point

: Not available Auto-ignition point

Explosion characteristics

Explosion limit : Upper limit : 23.5vol% lower limit : 1.2vol%(as

2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol)

Vapor pressure : Not available

 $: 1.06 \text{g/cm}^3 (20 \text{ °C})$ Density

Solubility

Solubility in solvents

: Water : Soluble

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : Stable under normal usage.

Reactivity : May react with oxidizing substances.

Incompatible conditions

: Light, heat

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing substances

Hazardous decomposition products

: Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity : Oral : Out of category

Dermal: Out of category

Toxic if inhaled (vapor) (category 3)

Inhalation (dust, mist): Not possible to classify because of

insufficient data.

(as 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy)ethanol)

rat oral LD50=5500mg/kg

rabbit skin LD50=8500mg/kg

(as Propylene glycol)

rat oral LD50>20g/kg

rabbit skin LD50=20800mg/kg

(as Imidazole)

rat oral LD50=960mg/kg

(as lodine)

 $rat\ oral\ LD50{=}315mg/kg$

rat skin LD50=3333mg/kg

rat inhalation LC50=35ppm/4H(vapor)

Skin corrosiveness/irritation

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage(category 1C)

Since imidazole causes corrosivity to the skin, it was classified into category 1C.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

: Causes serious eye damage (category 1)

Since the solution causes severe irritation to the eyes, it was classified into category 1.

Respiratory sensitization or Skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization: Not possible to classify because of insufficient data.

May cause an allergic skin reaction (category 1)

Since iodine is listed in the 2nd group of theskin sensitization substance of the Japanese Industrial Hygiene Academic Society's recommendation for acceptable density limit, the

classification is set to category 1.

Mutagenicity : Not possible to classify because of insufficient data.

Carcinogenic effects : Not possible to classify because of insufficient data

Effects on the reproductive system

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child(category 2) Since 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethanol may cause reproductive and developmental toxicity, the classification is set to category 2.

Specific target organ systemic toxicity single exposure

: Cause damage to organs (respiratory organs)(category 1)
May cause damage to organs (nervous system)(category 2)
It is unlikely that the product generates sulfur dioxide, in the inhalation exposure test of sulfur dioxide using guinea pigs dogs, rabbits, and rats, airway mucosa irritation, increased airway resistance and respiratory ciliary loss are seen by the concentration of the guidance value of category 1, and that decreases respiratory function, such as an increase in airway resistance was seen also in the inhalation exposure test in humans. the classification is set to category 1(respiratory organs).

Specific target organ systemic toxicity repeated exposure

: Cause damage to organs (respiratory organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure(category 1)

May cause damage to organs (Thyroid gland) through prolonged

May cause damage to organs (Thyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure(category 2)

It is unlikely that the product generates sulfur dioxide, in the inhalation exposure test of sulfur dioxide using rats, and guinea pigs, pneumonia and bronchitis were observed with the concentration in category 1 guidance value range. it was classified category 1(respiratory organs). As the description about iodine that the thyroid disease (hypothyroidism, hyperfunction, or thyroiditis) is caused by ingestion in human, the classification is set to category 1 (thyroid gland). Based on the concentrations of sulfur dioxide and iodine in the product, it was classified into category 1 (respiratory organs), category 2 (thyroid gland).

Aspiration hazard

: Not possible to classify because of insufficient data.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Fish toxicity

: Toxic to aquatic life (category 2)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (category 2)

(as iodine)

Daphnia magna LC50=0.16mg/L/48H

Persistence and degradability

: Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

: Not available

13. Disposal consideration

Residual disposal : Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and

a scrubber. Or entrust approved waste disposal companies with

the disposal.

Containers : In case of disposal of empty bottles, dispose bottles after

removing the content thoroughly.

14. Transport information

UN class : It is not regulated under UN regulations.

15. Regulatory information

Ensure this material in compliance with federal requirements

and ensure conformity to local regulations.

16. Other information

References

1) Company data on file (SDS provided by manufacturer)

2) NITE: National Institute of Technology and Evaluation

*The information contained herein is based on several references and the present state of our knowledge. However the SDS does not always cover all information about the product, handle the product carefully. The information is intended to ordinary usage, in case of particular handlings, conduct appropriate safety measurements. The information herein is only provision of information, and it does not represent a guarantee the properties of the product. The Safety Data Sheet(SDS) is prepared based on JIS Z7253, and it has the same required elements on the Material Safety Data Sheet(MSDS) which is prepared based on JIS Z7250:2010.